What to Expect...

- Introduction of Presenters
- Introduction of Whole Person Theory and Approach
- Educational Objectives
- Definitions of Relevant Terminology
- WPA Case Examples
- WPA Activity
- Conclusion
- Questions and Open discussion









What is Whole Person Approach

The Whole Person Approach is an integrative person-centered approach to human service work that utilizes an amalgamation of clinically proven theories, evidence based practices, neuroscience, patient/provider testimony, and common sense care to address psycho-social determinants relating to overall health. This approach is easily adaptable for any setting, and can be integrated with all level staff.

Psycho-Social Determinants relating to health include:

- Economic Stability
- Education
- Social and Community Supports
- Mental Health

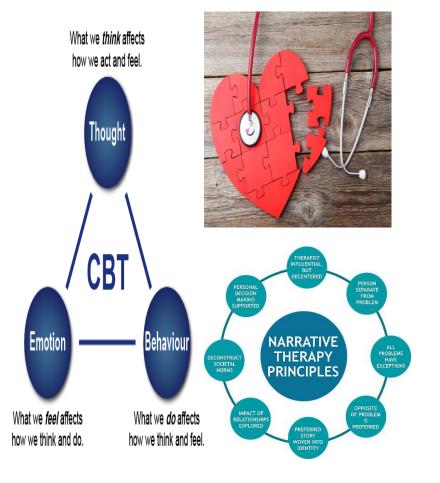
- Physical Health
- Emotional/Spiritual Health
- Neighborhood and Family Environment





What is WPA?

 Supported by Cognitive Behavioral Therapy, Narrative Therapy/Medicine, Clinical Empathy & Gestalt concept.







WPA in Practice

- How do you greet a person when they walk through your doors?
 - Body language
 - Use of names, cultural references
 - Person's interests-how can this be incorporated in caregiving
 - Meeting a person where they are at-use of language/get on their level, profanity, idioms, etcetera...

Check Your Bias!

- Person not just patient/client
- Reflective listening







- Learn how to "Gestalt" person care by treating psychosocial determinants as part of the diagnosis.
- "You are the System" Does your provider style embody your agency mission. Making Common Sense Care out of abstract mission statements.
- "People, not patients" Learn the benefits of Clinical Empathy and how employing CE leads to better patient outcomes, rapport building and cost effectiveness.







Gestalt Person Care

The whole is greater than the sum of the parts...



- How to identify and treat/address Psychosocial determinants into person care.
 - Case Examples

Gestalt Person Care

Narrative Therapy/Medicine Oliver Sacks

- A collaborative and non-blaming approach to counseling and community work that centers people as the "experts" of their own lives/treatment.
- Oliver Sacks- Father of Narrative Medicine
- "[Human Service workers] need to know the anatomy of a person's story just as much as the anatomy of the human body"
- We call NMB that what is missing in person care. **THE PERSON!**

CBT-Time sensitive, structured, present-oriented psychotherapy directed towards solving current problems and teaching skills to modify dysfunctional thinking and behavior.

SMART Goals- Specific Measurable Attainable Relevant Timed





YOU are the System

Translation of Mission statement into Common Sense care.

- IFH's mission statement is to "improve access to high quality, patient-centered primary health care targeted to the needs of medically underserved communities."
 - Mission statement into action.
 - ■Why are you here?
 - ■Mission is My Mantra
- Common Sense Care
- Communication/translation element of WPA
- "Medical Humanist"





"PEOPLE not patients"

- Clinical Empathy- Society for General Internal Medicine defines empathy as "the act of correctly acknowledging the emotional state of another without experiencing that state oneself.
- Empathy is an intellectual rather than emotional form of knowing.
- Contrasts with Sympathy
- Can be taught and acquired like any other skill.
- Components of CE- Emotional attunement, timing, voice tones and inflections, silence.
- Words
- More than just "good bedside manner"

Facial Expression/Mirror Neurons

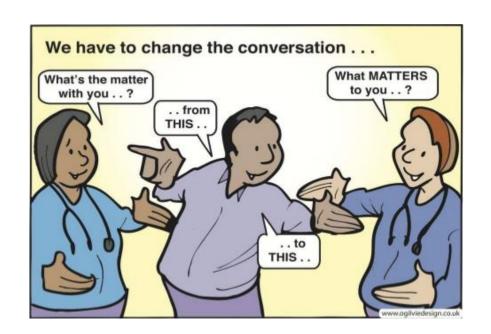




Successful Case Examples of WPA

Case examples

- PHQ9 scores, appointment compliance, documentation
- JR A1C levels, appointment adherence. Patient testimony.
- How I "Gestalted"
- Common Sense Care
- T. Jones
- Can you pinpoint aspects of WPA weaved into these case examples?





Conclusion/Wrap Up

- Real World Implications
- Further Research
- Training is Medical schools
- Training to Care/Case Management service providers
- Possible Limitations



Questions & **Open Discussion**

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LINKS to Articles
Contact Information

What is Clinical Empathy by Jodi Halpern https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC1494899/

How to Teach Doctors Empathy by Sandra G. Boodman https://www.theatlantic.com/health/archive/2015/03/how-to-teach-doctors-empathy/387784/

Narrative Medicine: Every Patient Has a Story by Kim Krisberg

https://news.aamc.org/medical-education/article/narrative-medicine-every-patient-has-story/

Narrative-Based Medicine:Potential, Pitfalls, and Practice https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3034473/

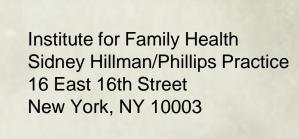
Remembering Oliver Sacks: A Pioneer of Narrative Medicine

http://healthaffairs.org/blog/2015/09/30/rememberingoliver-sacks-a-pioneer-of-narrative-medicine/

Helen Riess: Neuroscience of Emotions http://empathetics.com/about-us/

What We Know Currently about Mirror Neurons https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3898692/

Fee for value vs Fee for Service. What's the Difference? http://www.gohealthhero.com/blog/fee-value-vs-fee-service-whats-difference/



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