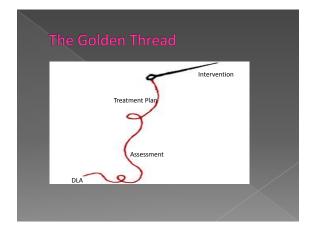
- Understand the connection between effective assessments/treatment planning and the outcome of services.
- Identify the benefits of utilizing evidence based practices targeted at increasing specific individual DLA scores.
- Describe the treat to target model and its impact on successful client graduation and transition from case management services.

Treat to target is becoming a commonly used practice in mental health services. We will explain ways to utilize the DLA-20 to enable client engagement, drive motivation, and track treatment outcomes. Incorporating the treat to target model into everyday practice continues to increase successful client transition from services.

- 2010-2016 Seven consecutive Cincinnati 100Top Workplace Awards presented to GCB by Enquirer Media 2015 Community Partner Award by ReSource 2015 Organization of the Year by the National Rehabilitation Association 2015 Highest Customer Satisfaction scores of all participating organizations in the area of Drug & Alcohol services and Drug & Alcohol Outpatient Care as part of behavioral health services by Mental Health Corporation of America
- 2013 Mary E. Pettus Excellence in Public Policy Award by The Ohio Council of Behavioral Health & Family Service Providers' Board of Trustees 2013 Service Provider of the Year to PATH Homeless team by Homeless Coalition of Greater Cincinnati
- 2012 EBP Champions Award by The Center for Evidence-Based Practices at Case Western Reserve University

- High GAF's
- Authorization of CPST
- National Council for Behavioral Health
- Easily see the data
- Training was available



# Assessments

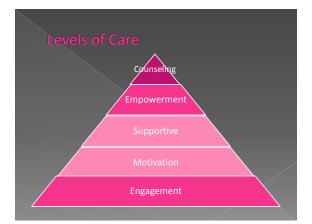
Objectively look at the client's whole self

## The DLA

- Why the DLA?
- Objective picture
- Facilitates recovery
- Look at areas we may mi
- Helps us with difficult conversa
- Evaluates effectiveness of treatment

# Assessments, Continued

- Tips for completing the DLA
  - Start with "Within normal limits" and move backwards
  - If you cannot choose between two-choose the lower score
  - > If N/A-choose 4
  - Verbal and nonverbal communication
  - > How to rate safety
  - Ultimately, the answers are up to us



# Levels of Care

## Engagement:

- > DLA score of 30 or below
- Imminent danger to self/others
- <u>Recent</u> discharges from jail/hospital
- > Multiple crises per month
- Poor adherence/Lacks daily structure
- Multisystem provider involvement
- Typical for most DLA scores to be 1-2

# Level of Care

## ACT Level Engagement

- > Must meet previously stated criteria
- Primary Diagnosis of :
  - Schizophrenia
  - Major Depression Disorders w/psychosis
  - Bipolar Disorders
- Schizoaffective Disorder
- Other psychotic disorders

- Motivation
- DLA score of 31-40 Potential harm to self or
- others Co-occuring medical or
- substance abuse

- Lacking daily structure
- Limited or no supports
- Frequent crisis management
- High use of psychiatric emergency services
- DLA scores in the 2-3 range

## Supportive

- Unstable/some risks
- Everyday functioning is impaired
- History of hospitalizations in past 2 years History of criminal justice involvement



- No imminent danger to self/others
- Some crisis management Fair adherence
- Co-occuring medical or substance abuse concerns
- Limited structure, supports

- Empowerment
  - DLA score 51-60 Presents somewhat
  - unstable due to situational loss or adverse occurrence
  - Everyday functioning is

- No hospitalizations within 5 years
- No imminent danger to self/others
- Moderate
- structure/supports Potential for adherence is good

- Counseling only
- DLA score 61 or higher
- No recent hospitalizations
- No imminent danger to self/others
- Good structure/supports



- Strong adherence No crisis management needed
- Typical DLA scores 5+ range

## Engagement/ACT

- CPST-Approximately 2 separate face-to-face contact a week, up to 4 hours per week
- Counseling-up to 1 hr a week (group & individual)
- Diagnostic assessment
- Psychiatric/Medication monitoring
- As needed: Housing services and day program.

## Motivation

- CPST-Approximately 1 face-to-face contact per week, up to 4 hrs/week
- Counseling-up to 1 hr/week (includes group/individual)
- Diagnostic assessment
- Vocational services
- Psychiatry/Medication monitoring
- As needed: Housing services and day program

# Services and Amounts

## Supportive

- Approximately 1 face-to-face contact per week, up to 2 hours of CPST per week
- Counseling-1 hour per week (group/individual)
- > Diagnostic assessment
- Vocational services
- Psychiatry/medication monitoring
- As needed: housing services and day program.

## Services and Amounts

## Empowerment

- > Approximately 1 contact per week (of any service)
- CPST-Approximately 1 face-to-face contact every two weeks, up to 1 hour per week
- Counseling-1 hour/week (includes group/individual), up to 10 sessions
- > Diagnostic assessment
- Psychiatric/medication monitoring
- As needed: housing services and day program

# Services and Amount

## Counseling Only

- Counseling-1 hour per week, up to 10 sessions (includes group/individual)
- > Diagnostic assessment
- Psychiatry/medication monitoring
- As needed: Housing services
- Individual CPST not offered at this level of care.



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# Treatment Planning

## What should we be doing with the client?

- Joint venture
- > Long term goals and short term objectives
- Staff help modify goals as needed
- Realistic goals
- Prioritize goals
- Including evidence based practices in goals
- Improve low scores on DI
- Are they measurable

- Utilize treat to target model to promote graduation
  - Framework for the relationship When should we review the plan?
  - Proactive rather than reactive

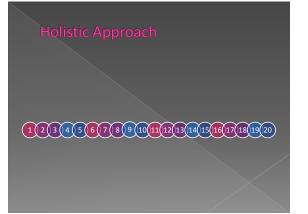


- MotivationalInterviewing
- CABHI, Housing first
- Dear Man, DBT skills, emotional vs. wise mind
- IDDT-use of payoff matrixes
- Mindfulness
- Supported employment, job coaching
- Holistic healthcare project

- Strengths based Social skills training

- Importance of frequently reviewing the DLA
  - Drives care management appointments
  - Prioritizing goals and client needs
- Importance of re-assessing
  - Directing client goals and objectives

- Celebrate client successes
- Initiates future oriented conversations
- Miracle question
- Client centered treatment



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# Assessing Risk of Suicide

- Major Risk Factors
  - > Current Plans
  - > Mean and accessibility to means/Lethality of means
  - Past attempts/Lethality of past attempts
  - > Family history
  - Recent loss
  - Substance use
  - Mental health symptoms (impulsive

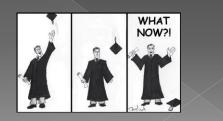


# Assessing risk for suicide

- Using the DLA as an assessment tool
- > Identify a decrease in daily activities/functioning
- > Reviewing previous high(er) areas of functioning
- Shift in coping skills and health practices

# Evaluating Effectiveness

What is successful graduation
Barriers to treat to target model



# Areas that staff struggle

- Sexuality
- Health Practices
- Housing Maintenance
- Substance abuse
- Communication
- Nutrition
- Comparing to community
- New clients

# Keeping it relevant

- Track scores overtime
- DLA's reviewed by multiple staff
- Helps us identify with data things we wouldn't be able to see



